# **ProQuest Databases**

# Help Guide

ProQuest is a search platform for the following Library databases:

- ABI/INFORM Global (Business)
- CBCA (Canadian Business & Current Affairs)
- GeoRef (GeoSciences)
- Globe and Mail (Historical Newspapers) 1844-2009
- Literature Online (LION) (Literary texts & criticisms)
- PAIS (Public Affairs Information Service) (Public Policy & Social Issues)
- Periodical Archive Online (PAO) (Arts, Humanities & Social Sciences)
- Philosopher's Index (Philosophy)
- Sociological Abstracts (Sociology)
- Toronto Star (Historical Newspapers) 1894-2011

# **Getting Started**

At the Library's homepage: <u>www.smu.ca/library</u>, click on Databases A-Z and select your preferred database, e.g., *ABI/INFORM Global*. If accessing the database from off-campus, you will be prompted to log in using your SMU "S" number.

## **Basic Search**

There are many ways to search ProQuest databases. When you first enter the database, the **Basic** search box will appear.



To get started, type a word or phrase that best describes your topic in the search box, and then click the 🤐 button.

**Example:** You have to write a paper about *marketing smartphones*.

Advanced search   Recent searches			
marketing and smartphones			
Full text Peer reviewed	Depending on the database, there may be the option to limit your results by <b>Full text</b> and/or <b>Peer</b> <b>reviewed.</b>		

Use Boolean operators (e.g., AND and OR) to limit or expand your search. If searching a phrase, use quotation marks, e.g., "market share" and smartphones.

## Advanced Search

Using the Advanced Search, you can build a search by typing search terms in one or more search boxes.

**Example:** You are looking for information on *safety in the airline industry*.

Use Boolean operators	
(i.e., AND, OR, NOT) to	airline industry in All fields — CABS
limit or expand your	AND (safety OR ) in All fields - CABS
search.	
	AND 🕥 ( air canada 🔄 OR [british airways ] ) in [Company/org — ORG 📉
	You can limit your search to specific fields (e.g., document title, author, company, etc.).

Additional **Search Options** (located directly below search boxes), are provided to allow for a more focused search. For example, you may able to limit your search by date range, source type, document type, language, etc.

Search options				
Limit to:	Peer reviewed Latest update *			
Date range:	All dates			
Source type:	🗖 Select all			
	Books     Conference Papers & Proceedings			
Ocument type: Delect all				
	<ul> <li>Article</li> <li>Bibliography</li> <li>Book</li> </ul>			
anguage:	Select all Afrikaans Arabic			

#### **Look Up Citation**

Use the **Look Up Citation** function (located under the **Advanced Search** option) when you already have a citation to an article and you need to quickly locate the full-text of the article.

Document title	"Smarter smart ph	ones	
Author			
Publication title			
ISSN	Use of hyphens is optional	Locate quickly	an item by entering
ISBN	Use of hyphens is optional	the doo	cument title,
Volume			ipie.
Issue			
Start page			
Date range:	All dates 🕶 or Year	(уууу)	
DOI			
Document ID			

#### Results

After you perform a search, a list of article titles will appear. Icons to the left title indicate the type of resource (eg., Trade Journals, Scholarly Journals, Newspapers, etc.).

To display more information about an article, click the article title, or click the format you wish to view (e.g., Full text, PDF, etc.). If

links to Full text don't appear, then click this icon:

Check for full text

Depending on the database you are searching, you may be able to narrow your results by applying specific limitations (located to the right of the screen).

Additionally, some databases may allow you to revise your search by clicking on one of the **Suggested subjects** – a list of subjects appearing near the top of the screen.

Suggested subjects         Marketing AND Smartphones         Smartphone           Smartphones AND Competition         Smartphones AND roduct introduct			
View All >	When you one of the a new s performed.	click o se topic search	n s, is

When finished viewing a record, click the "Back to results" link to return to your list of results.

#### **Selecting Records**

Select a record to **Email**, **Print**, **Cite**, **Export** or **Save as file** by checking the tick box (next to a title in your results list or within the citation/abstract). Note: Your **Selected Items** list is *not* saved beyond your current session.

Alternatively, you can use the "Save to My Research" link. By setting up a "My Research" account you can save documents and searches across sessions, organize documents in folders, and set preferences.



## Email/Print/Cite/Export/Save as File

The following functions can be performed from a **Selected Items** list, **My Research** list, or individually from within the record view.

**Email** — Email items as results list only; citation, abstract, indexing; or full text—to one or more email addresses.

**Print** — Print items as results list only; citation, abstract, indexing; or full text.

Cite — Generate citations using a preferred style, e.g., APA.

**Export** — Export citations to a citation management tool such as RefWorks.

**Save as file** — Save your items as results list only; citation, abstract, indexing; or full text—to a single file (HTML, Text only, RTF, or XML).

Search Tip: The asterisk (\*) can be used at the end of a word to find variant forms (e.g., bank\* finds banks, banker, banking, etc.). Use the question mark (?) to replace a single letter (e.g., wom?n finds woman or women; employ?? finds employed, employer, employee).

Patrick Power Library, April 2015



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